

Three basic principles of the Belmont Report are central to the ethics in research involving human subjects. These are:

- Respect for persons - applied by obtaining informed consent and considering privacy, confidentiality, and additional safeguards for vulnerable populations;
- Beneficence - applied to maximize the potential benefits of research and minimize risks to the persons involved; and
- Justice - evidenced in the equitable selection of research participants.

Belmont Report: <https://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/regulations-and-policy/belmont-report/index.html>